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No. 1,939.—[G.P.O. AS A NEWSPAPER.]

SUNDAY  
EDITION.

A Weekly Newspaper for All Classes.

LONDON, SUNDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1918.

SUNDAY  
EDITION.

THREE HALFPENCE

# COLOGNE OCCUPIED BY BRITISH TROOPS.

## GREAT RHINE CITY REACHED.

Cologne Entered by British  
Troops on Friday.

AMERICANS REPORTED IN MAYENCE.

British troops entered Cologne at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon, says a Central News telegram. The Exchange Telegraph Company's Copenhagen correspondent says that British troops entered the city at 11 and 1 o'clock Friday forenoon, and were accompanied by automobiles and cavalry.

Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent reports that advices from Cologne received via Berlin state that the plundering of food and clothing establishments is of almost daily occurrence both in Cologne itself and its environs, but that these excesses have assumed the magnitude represented by some of the reports is incorrect.

The Americans are reported to be in Mayence, so that the Allies are gradually approaching the points at which their advance must cease.

### LINE OF OCCUPATION.

Territories to be Held by the  
Allies.

It will be remembered that according to the terms of the armistice the German armies are to evacuate Belgium, France and Alsace-Lorraine, and Luxembourg within 14 days. Subsequently they are to evacuate the countries on the left bank of the Rhine. The occupation of these territories is to be carried out by Allied and United States' garrisons holding the principal crossings of the Rhine (Mayence, Coblenz, Cologne), together with bridgeheads at these points of 30-kilometre radius on the right bank, and by garrisons similarly holding the strategic points of the regions. A neutral zone is to be set up on the right bank of the Rhine between the river and a line drawn 10 kilometres distant starting from the Dutch frontier to the Swiss frontier. These movements are to be completed by Dec. 12.

### HUN HEADQUARTERS REMOVED.

The German headquarters of the Cologne district have been removed to Kloppeburg, in Oldenburg. The general headquarters of the Eighth German Army Corps have been removed from Coblenz to Osnabrück.

### AT WILHELMSHAVEN.

Arrival of H.M.S. Hercules and Five Torpedo Boats. It is reported from Wilhelmshaven that the British battleship Hercules, with the Entente Commission on board and escorted by five torpedo-boats, has arrived and anchored in Jade Bay.

### KING AND HIS TROOPS.

Scenes of Great Enthusiasm. The King, who is accompanied by the Prince of Wales and Prince Albert, is at present on visit to his troops in Flanders and Belgium. He has visited the scenes of their latest triumphs, and everywhere he was received with the greatest enthusiasm both by the troops and the inhabitants of the liberated villages and towns. The visit was made on an informal one, the King and the 2 Princesses walking about amongst the soldiers and civilians and chatting freely with them and being received with great cheering. The King will return to London on or about Wednesday next.

### KING ALBERT IN PARIS.

A Magnificent Welcome. Paris is now entertaining another of the Allied Sovereigns—King Albert of Belgium. The fighting Monarch had a great reception in the French capital, and a banquet in his honour was given at the Elysee, during which M. Poincaré recalled the tragic evening of Aug. 2, 1914, when Germany had guaranteed neutrality, summoned Belgium to give up the pass. During 4 years the King and Queen waited without flinching for justice to recompense the great act of courage and heroism which they had shown. The President paid tribute to the King, who had remained sword in hand, whilst the Queen faced the battle line and added the wounded. Germany had multiplied intrigues and then the day came when Belgian and Allied divisions, under the command of the King, carried positions considered to be impregnable. Belgium deserved well of the future, for she gave the war all its moral significance. Relieved from the hindrance of neutrality, Belgium would receive satisfaction to which her prolonged anguish gave her the right, and she could count upon the eternal gratitude of France.

The King's Reply. King Albert, replying to M. Poincaré's words would reach in every Belgian heart, and thanked him in the name of the Army and the country. Belgium was closely associated with France in the gigantic struggle for her freedom and blood. He paid homage to M. Clemenceau and Marshal Foch, who were the great leaders of the French people.

### BOLSHEVİK PLOT.

INTERNATIONAL WORLD  
REVOLUTION.

Copenhagen, Saturday.—The Stockholm "Dagblad" learns that examination of a Swedish steamer at present in a Finnish harbor has led to the seizure of a number of documents. These prove that preparations have been energetically commenced in order to cause an international world revolution, the centre of which is to be Stockholm—Exchange.

### HUN PROPAGANDA IN U.S.

Activities of Bernstorff and  
Dernburg.

The investigator of the Department of Justice has been notified that the U.S. Senate Committee for investigating the ramifications of German propaganda, submitted telegrams exchanged between Count Bernstorff, of the German Foreign Office, in 1918. One of Bernstorff's messages urged that the time was propitious to send to Berlin an American publicist employed by a prominent American newspaper publisher, and disclosed that the former was a confidential agent of the German Embassy since the beginning of the war and was paid by the German Government to visit Rumania, possibly to endeavor to prevent the entrance of Rumania into the war. Bernstorff also declared him to be a suitable man to start the reorganization of a news service after the war, and to be in contact with the German Embassy in Washington. The investigator also supplied a list of 36 names taken from the diary of a German agent, and said it contained practically all the prominent pro-Germans in the U.S. and of the German-American press. The investigator said, however, that the publisher was not aware of the man's connection with the German Embassy. He also supplied a list of 36 names taken from the diary of a German agent, and said it contained practically all the prominent pro-Germans in the U.S. and of the German-American press. The investigator said, however, that the publisher was not aware of the man's connection with the German Embassy.

### H.M.S. CASSANDRA SUNK.

Mined in the Baltic: Eleven  
Men Killed.

The Secretary of the Admiralty makes the following announcement: H.M.S. Cassandra (Capt. E. C. Kennedy, R.N.) struck a mine in the Baltic just before midnight on Dec. 4 and sank at 1 a.m. on Dec. 5. It was missing, presumably killed by the explosion. All the remainder of the officers and crew were saved by our destroyers.

The Cassandra was a light cruiser of a new type, built and commissioned since the war began. These vessels have been described as about 600 tons displacement with a battery of six guns.

### THE BRUTAL HUNS.

SERPENT'S HEAD TATTOOED ON  
THEIR BODIES.

"The People's" Jarroo correspondent telegraphs that a sea-going fireman, named Burton Mayberry, of London, at present working in a Tyne shipyard, relates a terrible story of German brutality at sea. He states that his ship while on a voyage from Southampton to New York was torpedoed and the captain shot. Mayberry, after being taken aboard the submarine, was ordered to go on his knees and curse England. This he refused to do, and the submarine commander threatened that he would be compelled to drink his own blood, and this he made an example to others. Mayberry was then "trussed up," and 2 German sailors tattooed 2 large serpents' heads on his face down to the shoulders, each design, in red and blue ink, being 6 in. long, and being done with an electric needle. The commander said the serpents would devour him if he went to sea again. Mayberry and his companions were adrift in an open boat for 3 days without food.

### S. AFRICA'S FUTURE.

ADVOCACY OF REPUBLICANISM BY  
NATIONALIST LEADER.

Dr. Malan, leader of the Cape Nationalists, in a speech at Ladysmith (Cape Colony) made a lengthy statement on the doctrine of Republicanism for S. Africa as enunciated by the Nationalist Party. He claimed that if the position of S. Africa were placed before President Wilson at the Peace Conference, President Wilson would not see this influence in favour of S. Africa attaining the independence to which it had a greater right than Alsace-Lorraine, Ireland, Schleswig-Holstein, or the Baltic States. Malan also condemned the recent arrangement under which the Dominions were to be continuously represented in the Imperial Conference, contending that this would bring S. Africa into the machinery of Imperialism and would bind her down more than ever.

### ARMENIAN MASSACRES.

THOUSANDS KILLED AT BAKU AND  
ERZURUM.

Reports have been received from the Caucasus (says the "Vorwarts") to the effect that in evacuating the occupied territory in Trans-Caucasia the Turkish troops massacred again thousands of Armenians. Slaughter on a big scale occurred at Baku, Oltu, and Ardahan. In Baku alone some 30,000 Armenians are reported to have been killed, and in some towns the whole Armenian population was exterminated. According to declarations of Tartars the latter received permission from the retiring Turks to plunder Armenian places for a period of 8 days.

### PRES. WILSON'S ARRIVAL.

President Wilson has been permitted to delay his arrival in France by 24 hours. He will disembark at Brest on Dec. 13, and will arrive in Paris next Saturday.

### STOP PRESS.

FOR LATEST NEWS  
See Back Page.

### RAILWAY CRISIS AVERTED.

EIGHT HOURS' DAY GRANTED.

The demand for the immediate enforcement of the railway law, which would lead to the trouble which has been threatening the men being granted an 8 hours' day, to be in force from 1919.

### JOBS FOR WOMEN.

FROM WAR TO PEACE  
WORK.

Special problems, as anticipated, are arising with regard to the demobilisation of women. The Ministry of Munitions, which has such matters as a Women's Branch of the Demobilisation and Re-settlement Department of the Ministry of Labour has been established, and is now working on questions affecting the re-employment of women in occupations in which they have had previous experience, and with those relating to the training of women who desire to enter new fields of labour. A Women's Trade Union Advisory Committee has also been set up. The nucleus of this body is the Committee which, during the war, advised the Ministry of Munitions. To this will be added representatives of non-munitions industries in which women take part, such as textiles, pottery, etc. The committee are already appointed to deal with such questions as the return of domestic servants to work under conditions more in accordance with the present industrial outlook, the re-employment of women in new industries or for such occupations as were classified in the pre-war period as women's work; and the training of war-brides and wives of soldiers and sailors in housewifery and infant welfare.

### For Voluntary Workers.

"Meantime," said an official of the Ministry of Labour to a "People's" representative, it is hoped that women who from patriotic motives have given such splendid service in the munitions factories, will, during the period of reorganisation, undertake some voluntary work. There is a great need for help in the fields of public health and recreation. By voluntarily undertaking these pioneer tasks women not dependent on a weekly wage, and who are already trained for service for their country. They will be giving, invaluable service to the development of the ideals of a new England, and they will be clearing the road for a transition period for those women who seek in the labour market the means by which alone they can maintain themselves and their homes.

### For Women Earnings.

To those women dependent on their earnings it will be of some reassurance to know that progress is being rapidly made throughout the country by manufacturers in the process of re-organising their industries. In one big London firm, for example, where several thousands of workpeople were employed on munitions, a change-over has been undertaken in the munitions department of the firm. In this enterprise the whole of the employees will be retained and use made of the plant installed for shell-making. Another London firm reports that they will probably employ more women and girls than during the war, while a firm of electrical engineers, also in London, state that of the small proportion of girls so far discharged some have already been re-absorbed in dressmaking. Others have been absorbed in the Post Office for sorting Christmas mails, others have been engaged as shop assistants for the holidays, and others again have been sent to laundry work, or to positions they held before the war. A similar transition from war to peace industries is taking place in the munitions factories.

### REWARD FOR SERVICE.

Sir Albert Stanley, interviewed, said these negotiations have been carried on in the most friendly spirit. This decision was warmly supported by the Prime Minister and myself, and it is in fulfilment of a pledge which I gave to the Railwaymen's Union in August, 1917, to the effect that sympathetic consideration would be given to the introduction of a shorter working day for railwaymen at the earliest possible moment. I am very glad to have had the privilege of re-organising that pledge, and it was my confident, too, that it will be recognised by the railwaymen as a whole as some reward for the magnificent service they have rendered during the war.

### 500,000 Men Benefited.

The concession will benefit, roughly, half a million railway workers, over four-fifths of whom are members of the National Union of Railwaymen. The remainder are members of the Locomotive Engineers and Firemen's Union and other unions. The railway clerks will not benefit, as they rank as salaried staff.

### REFORM PROGRAMME.

24 A WEEK FOR MEN WHO USED TO  
EARN 30s.

The national programme of the N.U.R., which was adopted at a special conference in Leicester 12 months ago, includes a demand for the conversion of permanent wages of all the employees of the railway to time during the war, together with a further increase of 10s. a week based on pre-war purchasing power. If this scheme were carried out, it has been pointed out, a man carrying 30s. a week before the war would have his wages raised to 24. The programme also advocates that night duty shall consist of work done between 6 p.m. and 6 a.m., which is to count as time and a half, with double the overtime. Complaints are made that champagne, flat rate for each grade of workman, and the abolition of hybrid grades (such as porter-signalman, porter-guard), and the abolition of such methods of payment as piecework tonnage, bonus, and mileage.

### BEER IN "FIZ" BOTTLES.

Through the famine in bottles, wine supplies to customers are in many cases held up owing to the shortage. Complaints are made that champagne bottles are filled with beer, and that whisky, gin, and wine bottles are used for non-alcoholic drinks. Great efforts are being made to collect empty bottles.

### NEW BREAD FOR MAS.

The B. Bureau announced that fresh bread may be sent between Dec. 23 and Dec. 28, inclusive, in England, Wales, and Ireland, and between Dec. 31 and Jan. 8 in Scotland.

### ARE ALLIES TO OCCUPY BERLIN?

STORY OF AN INTERCEPTED AMERICAN  
WIRELESS MESSAGE.

### GERMAN CROWN PRINCE ABDICATES.

Are the Allied troops to occupy Berlin? The German newspapers evidently think they will do so.

Meanwhile the British are approaching Cologne, the Americans Coblenz, and a Belgian official report states that advanced troops are in Muenchen-Gladbach.

The text of the document by which the Crown Prince gives up his claim to the German throne has been received in Berlin.

### ALLIES TO GO TO BERLIN. 'FOLLOWS DEAR OLD DAD.'

To Exercise Police Duties

There.

A Berlin telegram states that the Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung has published an intercepted American wireless telegram according to which the Allied and American troops will temporarily occupy Berlin, exercising police duties there. The Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, which is a newspaper of a supervisor of a prisoners' camp in Mannheim having shot 3 Frenchmen, Mannheim will probably be occupied, and perhaps also Heidelberg. A message from Dusseldorf states that the general commanding the Belgian troops of occupation has ordered all intercourse between the 2 banks of the Rhine to be broken off. Intercourse between Dusseldorf and Neuss and shipping on the Rhine have also been prohibited. A Baden newspaper reports that in Southern Baden, Coarance, Freiburg, and Wolfenbutel there is considerable feeling in favour of cession to Switzerland.

### Fighting in Berlin.

Reports received from the German frontier state that serious disorders have arisen in Berlin, and that they have been stirred up by German Bolsheviks. It appears that there has been considerable firing in the principal streets, but no details are available.

### NEARER COLOGNE.

RAPID BRITISH MARCH TOWARDS  
THE RHINE.

(British Official)

The following telegraphic despatch has been received from General Headquarters in France, dated Dec. 7. Our troops yesterday continued their march towards Cologne and the Rhine. In the evening they had reached the general line Blankenheim, Aischle, and River Eist to south of Grevenbroich.

### HATS OFF IN AIX.

BELGIANS GETTING THEIR OWN  
BACK.

Belgian troops were marching through the town as I entered, and were billeted everywhere. In the walls was a long notice, almost an exact translation of a German general notice of the early days of the war, signed by a Belgian colonel, says the "Aix-les-Bains" correspondent in Aix-les-Bains. It is a very stern notice, prohibiting much and commanding much. Hotels and restaurants must be closed and newspapers cease to further orders. All the men must raise their hats to Belgian officers and get off the pavement to let them pass, and for any disobedience of any of these and other orders the offenders are liable to be shot. I have not seen a single real definite sign of rebellion against things as they are. I have seen fear, but no sort or kind of revolt, nor even a confession of weakness. Some people are a little hysterical when food is mentioned, but I could find no proof of genuine starvation. I cannot say too much for the behaviour of the British soldiers on their way to the Rhine, and they have a more difficult part than may be thought. They have done some wonderful marching. A brigade I knew of covered 21 miles on sticky roads within the day, and not one single man fell out.

### FINANCIAL TERMS.

ALLIES' STERN DEMANDS.

The French Minister of Finance has issued the following statement:—The Finance Sub-committee of the International Armistice Commission at Spa has formulated the conditions for the fulfilment of the financial clauses of the armistice by Germany. The following are the main demands:—Germany shall not concede, concede, German railways, mines, forests, nor any of the industrial, commercial or colonial enterprises in which the State has an interest, which shall not touch foreign securities belonging to the State or the gold in the Reichsbank, except under the conditions already laid down.

### TRACING MISSING AIRMEN.

Every effort is being made to trace officers and airmen of the R.A.F. who have become missing from time to time and of whom nothing further has been heard. Relatives and friends having any information concerning individual officers or men should send it to the Air Ministry, where every thing possible will be done to find the officer or man concerned. Owing to the varying circumstances in regard to the missing persons, it is not possible to make a complete list of the information of a satisfactory or conclusive nature can be received. Directly any definite news of missing men is obtained, the next-of-kin will be informed at once.

### BOYS AND CADET CORPS.

"One of the best ways to ensure that boys should grow up into A men is by means of the system under which older boys receive some military training by joining a cadet corps," said Gen. Sir Rbt. Scallan, presenting the prizes at Westminster Boys' School. "Employers and others should try to bring to less fortunate boys the beneficial influence that military training gives. It teaches self-respect and fortitude of self."

### PEACE CONFERENCE.

Expected to Terminate at End  
of April.

M. Marcel Huttin writes in the "Echo de Paris" that the inter-Allied Conference peace preliminaries will open in Paris at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs on Tuesday, Dec. 17, after the official reception of Pres. Wilson and his complete staff. The Council of Ministers has not yet deliberated on the designation of the French plenipotentiaries. It would appear that the labours of the Conference will be completed towards Jan. 15, 1919, when the Peace Preliminary Conference will commence, with the addition of the Germans. The Peace Conference are expected to terminate at the end of April or the beginning of May—Exchange.

### A CITY OF DEATH.

Thousands of People Dying in  
Petrograd.

Persons arriving in Finland from Petrograd give a terrible description of the conditions prevailing there. Many have become insane through hunger and thousands have died. This particularly applies to the civil elements, who do not partake in the public distribution of food. Every day hundreds of bodies are brought to the churchyards for interment. Of 2 millions there are now only 500,000 remaining in the city. The belief that the Allies intend to take action in Russia has caused panic, and the Reds, in desperation, are murdering civilians still in the city. Hundreds of houses have been plundered and burnt down. The Swiss Legation has left the city. The population of the Baltic Provinces are in great despair, and foresee the invasion of Bolshevism.

### Polish in Reval.

The "Petit Journal" (Paris) understands that the occupation of Reval by the British Fleet is already an accomplished fact. This step was taken," the paper says, in consequence of the formal and insistent demand of the representatives of the Estonian Government in Paris and London, with a view to countering any advance of the Bolsheviks. Red Guards who have been guilty of innumerable atrocities. The paper is also informed that the Allies will carry out other military measures in the Baltic in order to defend effectively against further attacks the small States which request their protection.

### Polos in the Field.

It is reported that Brest-Litovsk has been taken by the Poles and Polish troops. The Poles, who are now occupying many districts south of Lemberg and are now approaching Kavaruska. Mackensons Army. The president of the Soldiers' Council of Field-Marshal Mackensons army has stated that he would not oppose the French demand for the information of the Field-Marshal's army.

### H.M.S. HERCULES AT WILHELMSHAVEN.

Copenhagen, Friday.—The Wilhelmshaven correspondent of the "National Tidende" announces that H.M.S. Hercules, with the Entente Commission on board, and accompanied by 5 torpedo-boats, arrived at Jade Bay—Central News.

LYCEUM.

NIGHTLY AT 7.30.

THE FEMALE HUN.

Entirely New Play.  
By Walter Melville.

MATINEES WED., THURS., SAT., 2.30.

Vivid—Captivating—Realistic.  
—Daily Telegraph.















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An illustration of a still life featuring a large roasted meat, a cup of soup, and various vegetables like carrots and corn.

## "It's all in the Cube!"

**PAKE** a cup of steaming hot Ivelcon three times a day, it will help you to ward off an attack of influenza. You will not only find it sufficient as a light meal to carry you over until the morning, but it will bring refreshing sleep.

**USE** Ivelcon daily in the kitchen. It is invaluable for making delicious soups, gravies, and hashes. One cube makes nearly half a pint of delicious consommé—Ivelcon first course to a well arranged meal.

**IVELCON** is the essence of prime beef, delicately flavoured with fresh vegetables. It contains no gelatine, yeast, or preservative of any description. To prepare Ivelcon simply pour boiling water over a cube—or cube makes a breakfast cupful.

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6 Cubes, 6d. 12 Cubes 1/- 50 Cubes 3/6.

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**GOSAGES'**  
**PURIFIED CARBOLIC SOAP**

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9<sup>d</sup> per pound.  
WILLIAM GOSSAGE & SONS LTD. WIDNES.

## Foster Clark's

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obtainable, delicious flavour, absolutely  
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**The Cream of All Custards**

## Cream Custard

## Cream Castles

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## HINTS FOR THE HOME: By Mallie

ALL RHEUMATIC AND KIDNEY  
SUFFERERS SHOULD READ THIS

caused by acids and blood impurities. Trying to get rid of the ailments without purifying the blood is like treating the symptoms of a high medical authority.

It is a universally admitted and easily provable fact that the various rages or other ill and weaknesses are directly due to toxins, germs, acids, or other blood impurities. For instance, uric acid causes rheumatism, gout, and kidney troubles. Stomach acids cause dyspepsia. In fact, most other ailments—ranging from the common cold to cancer—have definitely been traced to blood impurities, germs, and toxins of one kind or another. When doctors find a dangerous advance stage, physicians combat the poisons in various ways, such as using serums or anti-toxins, but they do not get to the root of the trouble necessary. Everyone should thoroughly purify the blood occasionally by attending to the bowels. The bowels should be washed out the intestines so there will be no breeding places from which

usually concerns the bowels, and there is

about reason the progress of a disease  
hurry or arrest the progress of a disease  
without ridding the blood and system of  
the poisons and impurities which form  
the direct cause, is like trying to get rid  
of smoke without putting out the fire.  
Prove this for yourself by getting from  
your chemist a supply of an inexpensive  
preparation of sodium sulphate (Epsom  
salt) and mix with it a small quantity of  
saturated sodium alums (powdered  
form). Drink a level teaspoonful dis-  
solved in a tumbler of plain water. After  
taking this mixture for three or four  
days see how quickly your pains and allu-  
ments disappear as a plainly noticeable  
improvement in your health, vitality and  
disease-resisting power takes place.

**To keep Them Strong and able to look after the Children.**

The great importance of hearing from all mothers in this country is emphasized by the fact that we must be too strongly brought to notice at the present time. Take a tired mother, or one continually feeling "out of sorts," and although her back will break, with aching limbs, and constant pain in her head; how can she give proper care and attention to a family?

To renew her strength, every mother should take a short course of Dr. Williams' pink pills, because

these pills act by the natural process of building up and enriching the blood. In this way they have a tonic

effect on the system generally, and so they dispel nervousness, sick headaches, pains in the back and limbs, and all pressing troubles. The trouble most often due to a bloodless state. It is just this power of creating a new blood that makes Dr. Williams' pink pills such a boon to weak, bloodless people.

Be guided by the experiences of others, and get a supply from your dealer, but be careful to ask for Dr. Williams' pink pills.

Do not be enjoining on the best of health should send a postcard to Hints Dept., 46, Holborn Viaduct, London for a copy of the "Women, Free, Plain Talks on Health, Give, on application. Address—

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TRIAL BOTTLE  
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DIRECT FROM THE LOOMS.  
**GREAT REDUCTIONS.**  
40,000 Genuine White Fleecy Blankets  
Extra Heavy Weight. Pair

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| Single Red Size (70in. by 54in.), reduced to 15/11 |
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**LADY'S COMPANION** **3d.**

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Reflecting mirrors, nickel-plated fittings,  
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